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DESERT EVENING NEWS.

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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Japanese Torpedo a Russian Guardship and Warship and Then Escape.

FUNERAL OF MARCUS A. HANNA.

Scene in Senate Chamber Was in Keeping With Estimate in Which He Was Held.

ONE OF DIGNITY AND SIMPLICITY

In Front Rank Behind the Bier Sat The President, Flanked by His Cabinet.

MRS. HANNA AND FAMILY THERE.

As They Entered All Present Arose And Remained Standing Until They Were Seated.

Washington, Feb. 17.—In the presence of the grief-stricken family, of many friends whose sorrow was scarcely less pronounced, of the senate and house of representatives, of dignitaries from all the other branches of the government and of the chief official representatives

preserving its solemnity and insuring its simple dignity.

CEREMONY BEGINS.

The ceremony began shortly after 12 o'clock, but the gallery doors were thrown open long before that hour, and by 11 o'clock fully half the gallery seats were occupied, mostly by ladies. The casket was borne into the chamber by a squad of Capitol police, headed by Sergeant-at-Arms Randall, of the senate, and was immediately followed by the official committee, with Senator Foraker and Gen. Grosvenor, at its head. Slowly the little procession moved down the main aisle of the chamber, and the casket was tenderly placed upon the catafalque which was to hold it.

The hall was banked with flowers which had been sent in great profusion by friends. There was a large wreath of orchids, carnations, roses and violets, the Republican Association of Ohio another almost as large and the Gratiot club of this city another, which was of striking beauty.

Senator Frye, as president pro-tempore, stood in front of his chair as the body was borne to its resting place. All the people in the galleries rose as it with one impulse as the casket was borne to its place. The pallbearers had scarcely retired when the senate was called to order and the senators who had entered took their seats upon the fall of the gavel of the president pro-tempore. Immediately afterwards the house of representatives, with Speaker Cannon at its head, was announced, and the members of that body filed slowly in, taking the seats previously assigned to them, the senators and visitors in the galleries rising.

Speaker Cannon took his place at the left of President pro-temp. Frye. Then came the ambassadors and ministers from foreign countries, who were given the seats next to the front row of the senate chamber and they were immediately followed by Admiral Dewey and Maj. Gen. Gillespie, representing



LATE PICTURE OF HANNA.

of most of the foreign powers, the funeral of the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna, occurred today in the senate chamber, the scene of his most recent activities and of his entire official life. The spectacle was imposing and quite in harmony with the public estimate of the great man's services to his country and the world. The ceremony was dignified and simple in consonance with his character. The senate chamber lent itself naturally to the occasion. It is especially barren of decorations and the dark furniture, heavy walls and subdued light were quite in keeping with the sorrowful proceedings which were the occasion of the gathering. Seldom has a more distinguished body of people been collected in Washington to do honor to either the living or dead, and had been witnessed a more impressive proceeding. The floor of the chamber was filled with the representatives of the official life of the national capital, the galleries with people from all the higher walks of society, including the families of officials and many persons of distinction in the professional and business world. The hall is not of great dimensions and admission to the galleries was so regulated that there was no crowding. The demand for tickets was such that it could have been met the space would have been filled many times over.

THE PRESIDENT.

In the front rank of the eminent assemblage gathered immediately above the bier of the departed statesman, sat the president. He was flanked by the members of his cabinet, all of whom had been closely affiliated with Senator Hanna by ties of friendship and political association. Nearby were the chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court of the United States, garbed in their black robes of office, which fitted well into the scene of sorrow. There were scarcely any absentees from among the members of the senate. Each and all of them were visibly affected and it was not difficult to detect their sorrowful countenances. The scene of personal loss which had been met the space would have been filled many times over.

the navy and army. The chief justice and assistant justices of the supreme court, who were seated on the Democratic side.

PRESIDENT ANNOUNCED.

President Roosevelt and members of his cabinet were then announced, and all present rose without waiting for the tap of the gavel. The presidential party was escorted by Col. Symons and Commander Winslow in full uniform. The president and his cabinet occupied the front row of seats at the right of the presiding officer.

MRS. HANNA ARRIVES.

Twenty minutes later Mrs. Hanna, leaning heavily upon the arm of her son, Dan R. Hanna, entered the chamber and took a seat in the front row on the left of the presiding officer. She was followed by her daughters and their husbands and other members of the family and immediate friends, all of whom were given seats in the immediate vicinity of the casket. Everyone present rose as the family entered and remained standing until they had been seated.

FIVE ADDRESSED SENATE.

President pro-temp. Frye then addressed the senate, saying: "Senators: You have solemnly and lovingly dedicated this day to an observance of a proper funeral ceremony over Marcus A. Hanna, into a distinguished member of this body, and all business will be suspended to that end. "We will unite in prayer with the chaplain of the national house of representatives."

Chaplain Couder, who occupied a seat by the side of Chaplain Hale of the senate, immediately in front of the presiding officer, offered up an invocation. Immediately afterward Dr. Hale delivered his funeral address. He did not use his notes in speaking, but never halted for a word, and although a man of over 80 years of age, his voice penetrated every corner of the hall.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

Mr. Hale began his sermon as follows: "Those who knew him best, loved him most, and those who knew him little love him much."

The speaker then described Hanna as a man who meant to apply to politics the methods of business men of honor.

IN CONCLUSION DR. HALE SAID:

"Honor, truth and love: Go to the (Continued on page two.)"

Russian Warships Again Attacked.

A Guardship at Port Arthur and a Battleship Outside the Harbor Successfully Torpedoed—German Admiralty Doubts That the Gunboat Hansa Was Fired On—Sixty Thousand Japanese Troops Concentrated at Won Son.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the St. James Gazette from Kobe, Japan, in reporting the Japanese naval attack on Port Arthur Feb. 14, says the Russian guardship in the harbor and another Russian warship lying outside the harbor, were torpedoed and that the Japanese retired without sustaining any injury.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The German admiralty discredits the reports that the Japanese fired on the German gunboats Hansa, Thetis or any other German war vessels in far eastern waters. The Hansa is at Tsing Tau and the Thetis at Che Foo. The regular reports of their movements to the admiralty make no mention of such an incident. It is added that even if it happened it is assumed to have been an excusable mistake.

PORT ARTHUR, Feb. 17.—The report that the Japanese have concentrated about 60,000 troops at Won Son, on the east coast of Korea, with the object of entering Manchuria, is confirmed.

WILL THEY FLANK PORT ARTHUR?

Japanese Troops Are Executing One of Their Most Important Movements.

NOW GOING ON TRANSPORTS.

Destination Believed to be a Point Near The Mouth of the Yalu River.

Paris, Feb. 17.—An official dispatch received here from Tokyo, announces that one of the most important movements of Japanese troops yet made is occurring today. One of the main branches of the army, consisting of three divisions and including a division of guards, is now going on board transports. The previous landings of Japanese forces in Korea and elsewhere are said to have been small compared with this simultaneous sailing of three divisions, aggregating approximately an army of 30,000 to 50,000 men. The Japanese authorities, it is added, have taken every precaution to prevent information from going out concerning the embarkation and the destination of this army. It is believed, but this is not sure, that the destination of this force is a point near the mouth of the Yalu river, a spot on the Liao Tung peninsula flanking Port Arthur.

Another official dispatch says a Japanese transport has been sighted off a town south of the Yalu river. It is added that this is not connected with the three divisions referred to these dispatches today, but is considered to be a confirmation of the reports that the town off which the transport was seen is to be one of the bases of the land operations of the Japanese.

Eight transports with Japanese troops from Nagasaki and several additional vessels carrying war munitions are on their way to the west coast of Korea. Detachments of Japanese cavalry have already landed at Wiju, on the Yalu river.

JAPS LANDING.

Berlin, Feb. 17.—The admiralty here has received confirmation of the reports that Japanese landing operations on a vast scale are taking place on both Korea's northern coasts. It is assured by the German authorities that Japan will be ready by early spring for a forward land movement supported by properly equipped bases. Possibly 250,000 men (according to the estimates made by the German authorities) will be in the field before a collision takes place with the Russians in force.

Expert naval opinion is Berlin justified the Japanese in landing before the Russian fleet is destroyed, as to wait until that is accomplished might mean a delay in land operations for months consequent upon the strengthening of Russia's forces.

The expectation expressed by a technical newspaper which reviews the situation is that Japan probably will, in the beginning have considerable land successes through hard fighting. What may happen after the early period of the land operations no technical person would be able to predict in writing, though it is doubted if the Siberian railway will be at all adequate to reinforce and supply the Russian army.

MRS. HOSSACK FREE.

Convicted of Murdering Her Husband Was Sentenced for Life.

Winterest, Ia., Feb. 17.—Mrs. Margaret Hossack, who has been convicted and sentenced to prison for life for the murder of her husband in 1901, today a free woman. On motion of the state the case on rehearing was stricken from the docket and the defendant discharged. The crime for which Mrs. Hossack was given a life sentence at Anamosa is one of the most atrocious in criminal annals. Her husband, an aged man, was murdered while he lay sleeping. She aroused the household saying some one had entered the house and opened the door. A day later she was arrested at her husband's grave, tried and convicted. A new trial was granted and a disagreement resulted. A third trial resulted similarly and the state concluded it was a waste of funds to again try the case.

Below Zero in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—A new record for below zero weather was made today. For the seventeenth time this season, the mercury went under the cipher, a record for frequent severe froidity unprecedented in any previous winter. The low point today was 4.

RUSSIA'S REPLY TO SECY. HAY'S NOTE.

It Will Acquiesce in the Principle With Certain Reservations About Manchuria.

SHE WAS VERY WARY AT FIRST.

Fearful It Contained a Pitfall Until She Saw How Well the Powers Received It.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 17.—Russia's reply to Secy. Hay's note on China probably will be made in a few days. It will acquiesce in principle but with certain reservations regarding Chinese administrative control over the region in Manchuria leased to Russia or covered by the "Chinese Eastern railway. In order to safeguard existing Russian interests. When the note was first dispatched to the powers, the authorities here undeniably were disposed to view it with suspicion and therefore its reception by the other cabinets was awaited with keen interest. As the Russian authorities have obtained the views of the European chancelleries and have seen the friendly reception given to the note, even by Russia's ally, the fear that it might contain a hidden pitfall for Russia began to disappear. The Russian authorities have now been made acquainted with the replies of the remaining powers, including that of Japan, and it has now practically been decided to give adherence in principle. Russia explained that she was as anxious as the other powers to prevent disorders in China and to preserve its integrity, but that owing to Russia's special interests in Manchuria difficulties are presented. Her railroad must be protected and Russia will make a reservation on this point. The government does not desire her position in this respect to be misunderstood hereafter, and for this reason her words will be explicit and not equivocal.

Russia has not yet given permission for any military attaches to join the Russian army in the field. Requests have been received from all the powers, including the United States and it is understood that Viceroy Alexieff, to whom the question was referred, would prefer that foreign attaches should not join in the Russian field operations until the situation is cleared up. The unexpected suddenness of the outbreak of hostilities it is difficult to make arrangements for their comfortable accommodation, especially during the severe weather up to that time.

The departure of Vice Admiral Makarov to take the place of Vice Admiral Stark in command of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur was marked by impressive scenes. The admiral went to the church of St. Andrew and there took the sacrament at the hands of Father John. An hour later a great crowd of school children, naval officers, literary men, ordinary citizens and two choirs assembled before Admiral Makarov's house. There was a scene of great enthusiasm, the crowd cheering the singing, after which the leading officers and citizens entered and a solemn religious service was held. The admiral, in a speech, thanked the naval officers for their good wishes. He said: "There is warm work out there. They want men so I am going. We have to stand by each other now."

OUTRAGE IN A CHURCH.

Baku, Russian Transcaucasia, Monday, Feb. 15.—During a patriotic service in the Armenian church here today just as the clergy had ended chanting a Te Deum, and praying for the success of the Russian arms, a bomb was thrown at the officiating priest. Two persons were killed and several were injured. After the excitement had been allayed the congregation marched in procession to the residence of the governor, carrying the czar's portrait and presented the governor with a petition for the government to punish the families of the victims of the outrage.

Gifts Can't Come in Free.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The president today issued an executive order revoking those of President McKinley, allowing gifts from officers of the army and navy and the civil establishment in Porto Rico, Cuba, the Philippines, etc., to be admitted into the United States free of duty.

PORT OF WUJ.

Korea Declares It Open to the Commerce of the World.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Mr. Allen, the American minister at Seoul, cables the state department that Wiju has been declared open to the commerce of the world by the Korean government.

The United States was the first power, so far as known, to apply to the Korean government for the opening of Wiju to world's trade. This action was taken by the United States while Japan and England were urging the opening of Yungampo, lying on the mouth of the Yalu river. The view taken by the state department was that if we could secure the opening of Wiju, 150 miles up the Yalu above Yungampo, the effect would be to practically open the whole of that stretch of the river to commerce, so that the project really was much larger than the mere opening

CAPTURED AT MUZZLE OF GUN.

Policeman Sperry Apprehends a Porch Climber in Very Act Of Burglary.

A REGULAR "LIFTING" ARTIST.

Was Robbing the Home of Joseph Carro In Broad Daylight—Neighbors Saw Him and Capture Followed.

Just before noon today, Officer Charles A. Sperry caught a burglar in the very act of robbing the residence of Joseph Carro, 344 East Seventh South street, and in making the arrest Sperry has undoubtedly landed the "room worker" and "porch climber" who has been operating in Salt Lake for the last week or 10 days. The prisoner gives his name as Frank Lloyd, aged 23 years, and claims he came here from Butte about 10 days ago.

When searched at the police station a quantity of jewelry, known to have been stolen, and several pawn tickets for articles reported to have been "lifted" from various rooming houses, were found on him. Even the clothes he wore were stolen and the prospects are that Lloyd will have to face at least half a dozen charges of burglary and robbery.

About 11:30 this morning, neighbors saw Lloyd enter the Carro home, and as they knew the family to be in California, they became suspicious. Word was quickly sent to the police station by phone and Officer Sperry hurried to the scene. The officer went quietly to the back door but found it locked. He secured a key, opened the door and walked in on Mr. Burglar. Lloyd was then ransacking the house but when he heard Sperry he rushed to a window and tried to escape. Sperry drew his revolver and called on the man to halt and throw up his hands. The fellow found himself staring down the muzzle of an ugly looking weapon and lost no time in complying with the officer's commands.

Sperry handcuffed the prisoner and took him to the station where he was booked on the charge of housebreaking.

BOMB THROWN JUST AS CHANTING OF A TE DEUM CEASED.

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ing of a port at the mouth of the river. Wiju lies on the opposite side of the river and very near to Yang Tung, in Manchuria which the Chinese government already has by treaty with the United States declared to be an open port, although this has never been admitted by Russia. It is understood that the opening of Wiju is directly attributable to Japanese ascendancy in Korea, for while the country was under Russian influence Mr. Allen, the American minister, was unable to induce the king to open a single port in addition to that of Chemulpo. It is probable that the state department will at once take steps to have America represented at Wiju by a consular or commercial agent.

Gen. Reyes Goes to Bremen.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Gen. Reyes, of Colombia, on his arrival in the city yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York, Feb. 4, went to Bremen, where he will visit his children there and at Lausanne, later coming to Paris. It is said that the king's mission to the French government relative to Panama.

ADMIRAL ALEXIEFF TO RUSSIAN TROOPS.

Tells Them What Has Been Entrusted to Him and That He Expects Them To Do Their Duty.

Port Arthur, Tuesday, Feb. 16.—The text of the order of the day issued to the troops by Admiral Alexieff today follows:

"A heroic army and fleet have been entrusted to me by his majesty, the emperor, and now, when the eyes of the czar of Russia and of the world are upon us, we must remember that it is our sacred duty to protect the czar and the fatherland. Russia is great and powerful and if our foe is strong this must give us additional strength and power to fight him. The spirit of the Russian soldiers and sailors is high. Our army and navy know many renowned names which must in this hour serve as an example to us. Our God who has always upheld the cause that is just, is doing so now. Let us unite for the coming struggle: let every man be of tranquil mind in order the better to fulfill his duty, trusting in the help of the Almighty and let every man perform his task, remembering that prayer to God and service to the emperor are never wasted."

"Long live the emperor and the fatherland. God be with us. Hurrah!" Troops are arriving here continuously and the mobilization of the forces is making excellent progress. The fortress is now thoroughly prepared to withstand a siege and is regarded as unassailable.

Gen. Stoessel has issued a reassuring proclamation to the population.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND ALBANIANS REVOLT.

It is Against Reform Plans of Powers for Macedonia and Obnoxious Taxes.

Constantinople, Feb. 17.—Sixteen thousand Albanians are in revolt in the district of Diakova against the reform plans of the powers for Macedonia and obnoxious taxes. The conditions which have taken place between Albanians and Ottoman troops the latter were worsted. Large reinforcements have been dispatched to Diakova. The Albanians attacked the town of Diakova Feb. 13 and plundered and burned a number of houses. Turkish forces undoubtedly attacked the insurgents' main position at Babajoshi, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

Serbian activity continues among the Turkish authorities on the Bulgarian frontier, in accumulating stores and in repairing roads for the expected massing of troops.

Cotton Comes Up in Commons.

London, Feb. 17.—The crisis in the cotton trade was the subject of a question in the house of commons today, in reply to which Home Secy. Asquith-Buglia, in behalf of the government, said that although it was recognized that the situation undoubtedly was the cause of anxiety, it could hardly be amended by legislation respecting gambling in futures. The government, he added, could not introduce such legislation. The best remedy would be to increase the supply of supply in various parts of the empire.

J. Schneider of Tucson Arrested.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Joost H. Schneider of Tucson, Ariz., has been arrested on the charge of conspiracy in connection with the investigation of land frauds in the west. The arrest was made in the city hall, this city, today by Secret Service Agent William J. Burns, who has been working up the land fraud cases for the government. Schneider was a witness before the grand jury in this city which is considering a number of cases growing out of that investigation.

Receiver for a Brick Concern.

Boston, Feb. 17.—Alonso E. Locke was appointed receiver of the New England Brick company today on a petition of the Old Colony Trust company, which holds a first mortgage on the concern for \$50,000. The company, which controls the brick manufacturing business of New England, is alleged to have defaulted the February interests on this mortgage. The company has \$1,785,800 preferred, and \$1,987,600 common stock.

Arrest of Japanese Explained.

Tien Tsin, Feb. 7.—The Russians explain that the wholesale arrests of Japanese at Harbin and elsewhere were due to the discovery that Japanese had in those districts upwards of 10 spies, of whom 6 belonged to the Japanese general staff.

It is feared that the British steamer Hai Ping, bound from Chin Wang Tao for Shanghai, with passengers and bullion, has been captured. She is five days overdue, and was last seen in Port Arthur roads.

SURGEON FERGUSON.

Detailed to the Dix, Surgeon Tukey Succeeding Him at Boise.

HEAVEN'S WIND SAVED RUSSIANS.

Had it Not Been for Heavy Storm Sunday Their Fleet Might Have Been Destroyed.

JAP BOATS GOT SCATTERED.

Only Two Destroyers Succeeded in Getting Into Harbor of Port Arthur.

RESULT NOT DEFINITELY KNOWN.

Admiral Togo, in Reporting the Affair, Feels Sure Moral Effect on The Enemy Will be Excellent.

Tokio, Feb. 17.—A heavy storm spared the Russians from a desperate torpedo attack at Port Arthur on the morning of Sunday, the 14th inst. During the preceding night the vessels of the Japanese flotilla of torpedo craft were parted by the force of the blinding snowstorm so that only two of the larger destroyers succeeded in forcing their way through the fierce gale to Port Arthur. When they arrived there they attacked separately and the officers of one of them are confident that they succeeded in torpedoing a Russian warship. The destroyer Asagiri, in charge of Lieut.-Commander Ishikawa, arrived off Port Arthur about 3 o'clock in the morning and was met with a sharp fire from the fortress and Russian ships acting as scouts. The Asagiri discharged several torpedoes at a big warship, but the result is unknown. A cannonade was opened upon the scouting vessels and maintained until they withdrew. The destroyer Hayatoru, Lieut.-Commander Takenouchi, arrived two hours after the Asagiri and ran close up to the mouth of the harbor, where she found two warships, names unknown. She fired a torpedo at once and the torpedo exploded. Admiral Togo, in reporting the attack, says although the results are unknown, he feels sure the moral effect upon the enemy will be excellent. Commander Nagai commanded the entire torpedo flotilla. The number of the craft in the flotilla and the point of their departure is concealed.

FRANCE TAKES WISE PRECAUTIONS.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Marine Minister Pellain has written to Deputy De l'Océan (Zep), representing French opinion in China, denying the reported shortage of coal for the French fleets and adding that measures had been adopted to protect French Indo-China against a sudden attack and to prepare for all eventualities growing out of the present situation.

The Figaro today publishes a dispatch from Angoulême, announcing that the commanders of the army corps had received orders from the minister of war to keep his government troops in case of the eventual mobilization of the army. Officers and non-commissioned officers on leave have been requested to return to their regiments.

CASSINI TO BE RECALLED.

Has Failed to Keep Russia Informed of American Feeling.

London, Feb. 17.—In a dispatch from the Chronicle today the editor of the Daily Chronicle repeats the rumor to the effect that Count Cassini, Russian ambassador at Washington, is to be recalled for failure to keep his government properly informed of the state of feeling in the United States.

MINERAL WATER MADE WITH RADIUM.

University of Michigan Professors Succeeded in Producing It After Months of Experiment.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Ann Arbor, Michigan, says: The possibility of using radium to convert ordinary rain and well water into a mineral water, has been demonstrated at the University of Michigan in a series of experiments covering the last 10 weeks. In searching for a method by which radium could be applied to the interior of a cancer without any danger of the terrible radium, or -ray burns, it has been demonstrated that the immersion of a sealed tube in pure, distilled water for 24 hours produces radio-active water of powerful effect. Injected into cancers this water stopped pain in 19 minutes.

Patient now under the radium water treatment include one with a cancer of 18 years standing and some of the ordinary nose and breast cancers. The 18-year-old cancer has had six weeks of water treatment and after applying water pain has been almost wholly absent. In each of the other cases pains stopped immediately and several sufferers were released from the morphine habit which had been forced upon them.

The Emma Uter on the Rocks.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 17.—The three masted schooner Emma Uter, with 20,000 feet of lumber from Gray's Harbor to San Francisco, which cleared Aberdeen Feb. 7, was sighted today on the rocks at the mouth of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, and five of the crew abandoned the vessel on the 11th inst., leaving Seaman Henry Byrd on board. Byrd was rescued by two Indians today. Nothing has been heard of the captain and the other men since they quit the schooner. The Uter is breaking up and will be a total loss.